Name \_\_\_\_\_

mischief	procedure	dizzy	politician	
genuine	nowadays	hilarious	experiment	

Use a word from the box to answer each question. Then use the word in a sentence. Possible responses provided.

- How can a spinning ride at the playground make you feel? dizzy; Riding around on the curvy roads was making me feel dizzy.
- 2. What is another word for real? genuine; The money that the police officer found turned out to be genuine.
- What word can be used to compare something with the past? nowadays; Things at the store cost more money *nowadays*.
- What might a scientist use as a test to discover something? experiment; His experiment proved that gravity works.
- What would you call a person who seeks public office? politician; The President of the United States is a very important politician.
- How might you describe your favorite comedian on television? hilarious; That joke that she shared with us was hilarious.
- What can someone create if they cause harm or trouble? mischief; The boy was only trying to be funny, but he was causing *mischief* in class.
- 8. How would you describe a series of steps used to accomplish an action? procedure; We follow a specific procedure when we hear the fire alarm.

Read the selection. Complete the problem and solution graphic organizer.

Problem	Solution

Read the passage. Use the summarize strategy to find the most important ideas in the passage.

# **Breaking the Silence**

American Sign Language is used by millions of people. The hearing impaired have used it for years. A young science student named José Hernández-Rebollar noticed that few people who could hear knew ASL. They couldn't communicate with the hearing impaired. He set out to make a new tool that would help solve this problem. With it, he also saw a new way for the hearing impaired to communicate.

### **Early Years**

Hernández-Rebollar worked as an engineer in his native Mexico. He even had a part in making what became the largest telescope in the world!

In 1998, he received a grant to study in the United States. He chose to get his Ph.D. degree at George Washington University, where he studied electrical engineering. In 2000, he began work on his school project. It was an idea for a new glove.

#### **His Invention**

Hernández-Rebollar called his tool the AcceleGlove. What was the logic? People used their hands to sign. The glove could turn sign language into spoken or printed words.

This process of turning movement into voice involves many steps. It starts when the glove is put on the hand and strapped to the arm. The glove sends signals made by where and how the hand and wrist move. The glove compares where the wrist and hand are to where the body is.

A computer receives the signals. It then categorizes and links the hand movement with the correct word. An automatic computer voice then says the word.

### **Uses for the Glove**

The AcceleGlove can do many things. It can be helpful when something is urgent. People can exchange words quickly. It can also be used to teach ASL or for other forms of sign language.



Dr. Hernández-Rebollar's AcceleGlove helps hearing and non-hearing people communicate.

The glove can translate ASL into Spanish as well as English. This can help people who move to this country. There is hope that one day the glove will help create one common sign language. Each country would not need its own.

Also, the total number of words that the glove knows will increase as more studies are done. There will be fewer mistakes.

There are other uses for the glove for people who can hear. People in the armed forces use a communication technique that involves silent gestures out in the field. The glove can help them send wireless notes back and forth. They would only need to move their hands.

It can also be used for fun in the online world of games. To move within a video game or direct a game with the glove are new ways a person can play.

Hernández-Rebollar's AcceleGlove has a wide range of uses. It is a tool that could end up meeting the needs of the hearing and nonhearing alike. A. Reread the passage and answer the questions.

Possible responses provided.

1. What problem is presented in paragraph 1?

Few people who could hear knew ASL, and they couldn't communicate with the hearing impaired.

2. What solution is presented to the problem in paragraph 1?

Jose Hernandez-Rebollar set out to make a new tool that would help the hearing impaired communicate with the hearing.

3. What is another example of a possible problem and its solution in paragraph 8?

A possible problem is that people who move to this country and only speak Spanish may have trouble understanding ASL. The solution is that Hernandez-Rebollar's invention translates ASL into Spanish as well as English.

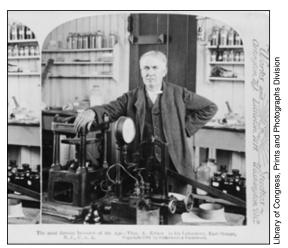
B. Work with a partner. Read the passage aloud. Pay attention to rate and accuracy. Stop after one minute. Fill out the chart.

	Words Read	_	Number of Errors	=	Words Correct Score
First Read		-		=	
Second Read		_		=	

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### Thomas Edison

Thomas Edison was one of the world's greatest inventors. He was born in 1847 in Milan, Ohio. As a child, Edison was curious about the way things worked. Many of Edison's inventions led to machines that we still use today. In 1877, he invented the phonograph, which later became the record player. In 1879 he made a long-lasting light bulb. His Kinetograph of 1891 later became the movie camera.



Thomas Edison thought up over 1,000 inventions.

Answer the questions about the text.

1. How can you tell this text is a biography?

It tells a story about a person's life but is written by another person.

2. What text feature is included in this text?

Possible answer: photograph and caption

3. How do the photo and caption help you understand the text better? What information do they give you?

The photo shows me what Thomas Edison looked like. The caption tells me he came up with more than 1,000 inventions.

4. In what order are the events of the text told?

The events are told in chronological order. The text first tells what

happened in 1847, then what happened in 1877, 1879, and 1891.

Greek root	Meaning	
tele	far	
log	thought	
mis	wrongly	
auto	self	
techn	art, skill	

Read the sentences below. Then look at the Greek roots and their meanings above. Underline the word in each sentence that contains a Greek root and write the Greek root on the line. Then write the definition of the underlined word on the line. Possible responses provided.

- 1. He even had a part in making what became the largest telescope in the world! tele; an instrument used to see something that is far away
- **2.** What was the logic?

log; thought

**3.** An automatic computer voice then says the word.

auto; works by itself

**4.** There will be fewer mistakes.

mis; something done incorrectly

**5.** People in the armed forces use a communication technique that involves silent gestures out in the field.

techn; a skillful way of bringing about a result

## A. Read each sentence. Underline the word with a vowel team syllable. On the line, write the letters that make the vowel team.

- 1. My trainer helped me practice for the game. \_\_\_\_\_ai
- 2. Is he giving a discount for this scratched item? \_\_\_\_ou
- 3. I will study to increase my chances of getting a better grade. \_\_\_\_eq
- **4.** I will not reveal the secret of her amazing magic trick. \_\_\_
- **5.** A baboon is an interesting type of animal. \_\_\_\_
- **6.** The staircase rose endlessly to the sky. \_\_\_\_\_

### B. Read the meanings of the roots. Draw a line to match the words with the same root. Then write the meaning of the root on the line.

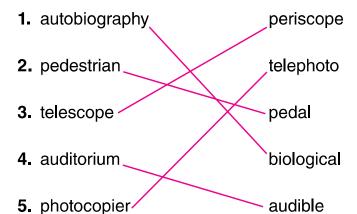
The Greek root scop means "see."

The Latin root ped means "foot."

The Greek root *bio* means "life."

The Latin root aud means "listen."

The Greek root *photo* means "light."



light

life

Name			
nume			

Evidence is details and examples from a text that support a writer's opinion. The student who wrote the paragraph below cited evidence that shows how the author uses photographs and captions in a text. **Topic** In "Thomas Edison," the author included an sentence interesting photograph and caption that provide more details about the topic. The photograph that the author used shows Thomas Edison standing in his laboratory. The Evidence photograph lets me see what Thomas Edison looked like. The caption tells me that Edison had thought up more than **Concluding** 1,000 inventions. I like the fact that the caption the author statement

> included gives me information that is not in the text. Seeing what Edison looked like makes him seem more

Write a paragraph about a text you have chosen that contains photographs and captions. Cite evidence from the text to show how well the author uses photos and captions to add more details about the topic. Remember to use reasons and evidence to support your opinion and use adjectives that compare correctly.

real to me.

Write a topic sentence:

Cite evidence from the text: Answers will vary but should discuss the
author's use of photographs and captions and state an opinion in the
topic sentence. Responses should include evidence from the text and a
concluding statement. Students should correctly use any adjectives that
compare.
End with a concluding statement:

A. Read the draft model. Use the questions that follow the draft to help you use transitions to connect ideas.

# **Draft Model**

Why is the smartphone the most important invention? It helps people stay connected. It allows people to look up information easily. You can use it to get directions. It is not just a phone—it is a tiny computer.

- 1. How many supporting sentences are there for this draft model?
- **2.** Is there a logical flow from one idea to the next?
- 3. What transition words would fit well at the beginning of some of the supporting sentences?

B. Now revise the draft by adding transitions to move smoothly from one idea to another.

Ansv	vers will var	y but shou	id include	transition	s to connec	t one idea
to the no	ext.					