scared

tumbled

Name _____

community

Use a word from the box to answer each question. Then use the

1. What is another word for *afraid*? _____

7. What word means thinks well of?

8. What happened to the fruit when it fell out and rolled to the ground?

contribute

practicing

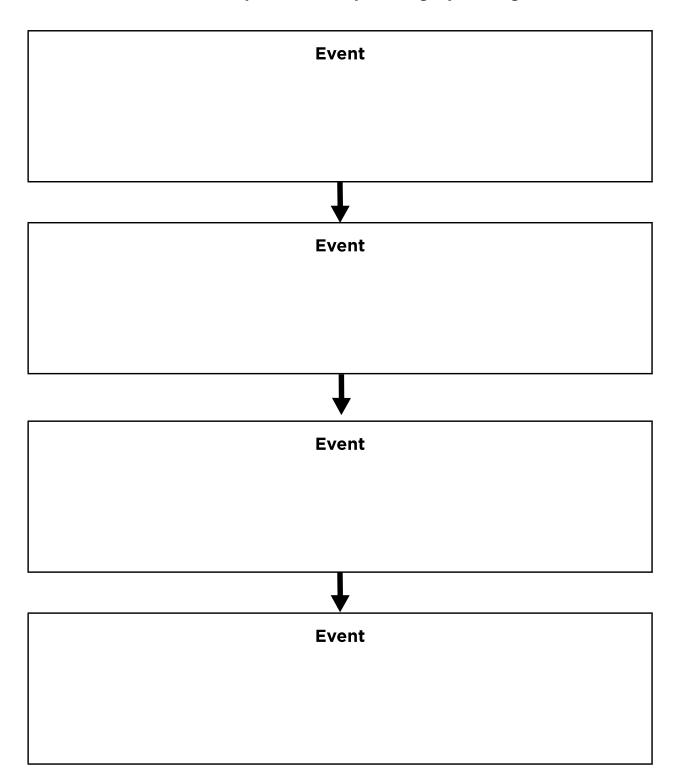
pronounce

admires

classmate

word in a sentence.

Read the selection. Complete the sequence graphic organizer.



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4

15

24 34

46 52

62

72

85

97

108

117 127

137

148

158

171

Read the passage. Use the ask and answer questions strategy to be sure you understand what you read.

Joseph Bruchac

Growing Up Near Mountains

Joseph Bruchac grew up in the mountains of New York. He lived with his grandmother and grandfather. Young Joseph loved to go with his grandfather everywhere he went. His grandfather showed him how to walk softly through the woods and how to fish in the lakes and rivers.

As a child, Joseph spent time working in his grandparents' store. When he made mistakes, his grandfather would never shout or yell at him. Instead, he would talk to Joseph about what had happened. That way Joseph could know how to do better the next time. During the winter, farmers would come to the store. They would sit around the stove and tell Joseph stories.

While growing up, Joseph loved to read and write. Joseph's grandmother kept bookshelves in the house full of books. There was always plenty to read. He liked to read storybooks about animals. He also liked reading poetry. He even wrote some poems of his own! One time, he wrote a poem for his teacher. She was very proud.

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Abenaki Storyteller

Joseph's grandfather was an Abenaki Native American. Joseph became interested in stories told by the Abenaki. When he was in college, Joseph would sometimes visit Native American elders. He would listen to them tell stories. These stories were fun to listen to. But they also taught great lessons about life. Later, Joseph started to have children of his own. He wrote down the stories he heard. Then he read them to his two sons. Soon after that, Joseph began to write children's books. These books told the stories of the Abenaki and other Native American peoples.

Helping Others

In the fourth grade, Joseph's teacher told him, "Whatever you want to do, you should do it." Joseph wanted to write and help others. And that's just what he did. First, he began to write stories. These stories taught children about being kind. They also taught children to care for the Earth. Then, Joseph went to



Map of Joseph Bruchac's homeland

schools all over the United States. He read his stories to children. Now, Joseph helps other writers share their stories.

Today, Joseph spends time in his garden. He has gardens all around his house. The inside of his house is full of many plants. Joseph has been all over the world. But he still lives in the hometown where he grew up. "It is a place I love," says Joseph. He still likes to walk through the woods and mountains. Every day he gets ideas for brand-new stories.

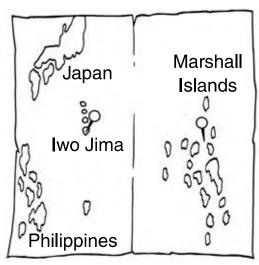
N L	Comprehension: Sequence and Fluency
IN	ame
A.	Reread the passage and answer the questions.
1.	What happened during the winter at Joseph's grandparents' store?
2.	What happened next after Joseph read stories to his sons?
3.	Reread the fifth paragraph. What did Joseph do after he began to write stories?

B. Work with a partner. Read the passage aloud. Pay attention to rate. Stop after one minute. Fill out the chart.

	Words Read	_	Number of Errors	=	Words Correct Score
First Read		1		=	
Second Read		-		=	

Keith Little

During World War II, I was a soldier and fought battles in the Marshall Islands and on Iwo Jima in the Pacific Ocean. I was one of the Navajo code talkers. The code talkers used the language of the Navajo people to send messages to the troops. The enemy didn't know this language and couldn't read our code. Our work helped the United States win many battles. After the



Map of the Philippine Sea

war, I taught people about Navajo language and culture.

Answer the questions about the text.

- 1. How do you know this text is an autobiography?
- 2. What text features does the text include?
- 3. What information does the map give you?

Inderline the compound word in each sentence. Then write its efinition. Use a dictionary to help you. His grandfather showed him how to walk softly through the woods. He liked to read storybooks about animals. There were plenty of bookshelves in the house full of books. But he still lives in the hometown where he grew up.	lame		
He liked to read storybooks about animals. There were plenty of bookshelves in the house full of books.			
There were plenty of bookshelves in the house full of books.	His grandfather s	howed him how to walk	s softly through the woods.
	He liked to read s	storybooks about anima	ls.
But he still lives in the hometown where he grew up.	There were plenty	y of bookshelves in the	house full of books.
	But he still lives i	n the hometown where	he grew up.

A. Read each sentence. Underline the word that has a long vowel sound and a final e.

- 1. Each summer they camp at the lake.
- 2. The plane should land at noon today.
- 3. The boy read about the life of his hero.
- 4. Our teacher pointed to each continent on the globe.
- 5. The woman plans to skate on the pond this winter.

B. Circle the word with the correct *-ed* or *-ing* spelling to complete each sentence. Then write it on the line.

1.	I am	m	ny money to spend on vacation.
	saveing	saving	
2.	He	the	broccoli and liked it.
	tasted	tasteed	
3.	We are		$_{\scriptscriptstyle -}$ plans to visit our grandparents.
	making	makeing	
4.	The teacher		the spelling tests last night.
	gradeed	graded	
5.	I have been		ever since I heard the good news.
	smilling	smiling	
6.	The artist		the clay into a small bowl.
	shaped	shapped	•

Evidence is details and examples from a text that support a writer's ideas. This student wrote about how the author uses signal words to show the sequence of important events in a text. **Topic** In "Joseph Bruchac," the author tells the events sentence of Joseph's life in order. First I read about what he liked to do when he was young. Joseph loved to read → and spend time with his grandfather. Then I read **Evidence** how Joseph listened to stories and then wrote them down. He wrote books for children! At the end, I learned what Joseph is doing now. The author tells **Concluding** → Joseph's life in order and it helps me understand how statement he became a famous writer and storyteller.

Write a paragraph about a story you read. Find text evidence to show how the author uses signal words to put important events in time order. Use text evidence to support your ideas.

Write a topic sentence:	
Cite evidence from the text:	
End with a concluding statement:	

A. Read the draft model. Use the questions that follow the draft to help you think about how you can add language to show the time and order of events.

Draft Model

I went camping with my dad. I helped my dad put up our tent. We built a fire. We roasted hot dogs and marshmallows. We put out the fire and went to sleep in our tent.

- 1. When did the writer go camping?
- 2. What did the writer do first?
- 3. What word or words that show order would tell when the writer roasted marshmallows?
- 4. What words would help signal what the writer did last?

he	lp readers learn more about how the camping trip unfolded.

B. Now revise the draft by adding words that show time and order to